

Notes Of Corporate Social Responsibility In Hindi

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What is Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)? Guidance Notes on Corporate Social Responsibility

What is Corporate social responsibility (#CSR) ?Friedman, \The Social Responsibility of Business is to Increase its Profits\ Case for social responsibility (with notes) Class 11 business studies Business Ethics: Corporate Social Responsibility Class 11 Business Studies Important Notes, Chapter-6 Social Responsibilities of Business Part-2 Rick Rule on Understanding Bull Markets in Metals | Mining Over Canada Lecture Summary: Strategic CSRCorporate Social Responsibility MCQ Test Ch. 6 Social Responsibility of Business \u0026 Business \u0026 Business Ethics class 11th Business Studies CBSE Class 11 Business Studies Important Notes, Chapter-6 Social Responsibilities of Business Part-1 | The social responsibility of business | Alex Edmans | TEDxLondonBusinessSchool What is CSR? Advantages and Disadvantages of CSR - What is Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Corporate Social Responsibility - ACCA P4 Revision Theory What is Corporate Social Responsibility?

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): Practical Perspectives by Thomas Beschorner

Why companies practice corporate social responsibilityWhat is SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY? What does SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY mean? Why Corporate Social Responsibility Matters Section 135 (Corporate Social Responsibility) Accounts Of Companies |Companies Act 2013 CA IPCC Ethics Short Tricks || Corporate Social Responsibility || #CAIPCCSHORTTRICKS Corporate Social Responsibility Part 1 | Crack UPSC CSR 2020/2021 | Dr. GL Sharma Coronavirus: Corporate Social Responsibility CSR Benefits for Business: A Brief Summary - The Minute Corporate Social Responsibility | Social Responsiveness Strategies | PPM | Mod 2 | Part 9 T. Rowe Price 2014 Corporate Social Responsibility Video Summary

Corporate Social Responsibility (Part 1) | Class 11 Business StudiesNotes Of Corporate Social Responsibility

The term 'Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)' is based on the idea that business has social obligations beyond earning profits. A corporation is responsible not only its shareholders but to all the stakeholders - customers, employees, suppliers, competitors, government, and the social community.

Corporate Social Responsibility - Learn Accounting: Notes ...

Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") is a type of international private business that is self-regulated. Due to poor pollution caused by the productive activities of these companies, the people living in the society suffer. They have to use bad water and air due to these.

What is Corporate Social Responsibility? - Notes Read

Generally, corporate social responsibility initiatives are categorized as follows: 1. Environmental responsibility. Environmental responsibility initiatives aim at reducing pollution and greenhouse gas emissions, and the sustainable use of natural resources. 2. Human rights responsibility

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) - Types and Business ...

Friedman (1970): 'the social responsibility of business is to increase its profits'. That means: - Use resources and capabilities to increase profits for shareholders - Stay within the rules of the game - Fiduciary responsibility of employees to owners, i.e. shareholders So: - CSR activities are equal to theft - Equal to imposing tax - Unless, there is a business case, e.g. increase goodwill, retain employees.

Corporate Social Responsibility - Lecture notes - Lectures ...

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) refers to the self-imposed responsibility of companies to society in areas such as the environment, the economy, employee well-being, and competition ethics. Many companies use internal CSR regulation as a form of moral compass to positively influence the ethical development of their business.

Corporate social responsibility | definition and example ...

Corporate social responsibility implies a commitment of the organizations to be ethically, economically, socially, and ecologically responsive voluntarily. This extends beyond the regulatory compliance, and the actions are taken thus are is more than the compliance requirements.

Corporate Social Responsibility - |EduNote.com

Corporate social responsibility lecture notes 1. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY Introduction The debate about corporate social responsibility (CSR) began in the early 20th century, as concerns about large corporations and their power came to the fore. Two broad principles—charity and stewardship—have help to shape thinking about CSR.

Corporate social responsibility lecture notes

Abstract Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is a very common term in the corporate and social sectors these days. CSR has become so important that many organizations have re-branded their core values to include social responsibility. CSR is broadly grounded in an understanding of business being part of society.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Definition, Concepts ...

At its core, Corporate Social Responsibility is when an organisation takes responsibility for its activities, decisions, and much more in the community, environment, and society at large. They do this by contributing to the intellectual, health, and financial welfare of the communities through programs, donations, and much more.

7 Benefits Of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) For ...

The term corporate social responsibility (CSR) refers to practices and policies undertaken by corporations that are intended to have a positive influence on the world. The key idea behind CSR is...

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Definition

Formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate that the activities to be undertaken by the company will be as specified in Schedule VII. 2. Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities referred above and 3.

Short note on corporate social responsibility

The United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO) has defined corporate social responsibility (CSR) as a management concept whereby companies integrate social and environmental concerns in their business operations and interactions with their stakeholders.

Corporate Social Responsibility: Meaning, Scope ...

Corporate Social Responsibility or CSR makes for eminent business sense as well when one considers the knock-on effect that social and environmental responsibility brings to the businesses. For instance, corporations exist in a symbiotic relationship with their environments (the term environment refers to all the components of the external environment and not to ecological environment alone) where their exchange with the larger environment determines to a large extent how well they do in ...

Corporate Social Responsibility - Meaning, Need and its ...

Definition of corporate social responsibility. Philip Kotler proposed the following definition for corporate social responsibility: "Raising the level of socially responsible marketing calls for making a three-pronged attack that relies on proper legal, ethical, and social responsibility behavior". Legal behavior

Corporate social responsibility and marketing - THE ...

While social responsibility is a form of concern for an entity in the community and surrounding environment where it is located. The term environment encompasses consumers, suppliers, employees, creditors, the environment, the community, the community and so on. So corporate social responsibility is part of business ethics.

Business Ethics and Corporate Social Responsibility ...

stakeholders and to society at large will be exceeded. 3. CSR : (corporate social responsibility) how organisation puts its ethical stance into. practice by addressing different stakeholder interests. Ethics schools of thought and approaches.

BBA102 Lecture Notes - Lecture 12: Corporate Social ...

Recent years have witnessed increasing importance on corporate social responsibility, especially as concerns about climate change are becoming mainstream. There have been criticisms of corporate social responsibility from ardent free trade capitalists and anti globalization activists/environmentalists alike.

Corporate Social Responsibility - Global Issues

The World Business Council for Sustainable Development defined Corporate Social Responsibility as, "Corporate Social Responsibility is the continuing commitment by business to behave ethically and contribute to economic development while improving the quality of life of the workforce and their families as well as of the local community and society at large."

Corporate Social Responsibility - Legal Service India

1. Defining Corporate Social Responsibility CSR 3 analyses economic, legal, moral, social and physical aspects of environment3.

This book explores the current state of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) in 24 European nations, examining the state of the development and practice of CSR and sustainability for organizations in these countries. The common denominator for all of the book's 25 chapters is a management perspective rather than an ethical discourse. The book therefore represents a comprehensive survey of initiatives and activities in the field of CSR and provides a wealth of complete cases and examples for different approaches to sustainable and responsible management practice. The book also reviews the relevant political and governmental guidelines and frameworks for organizations, both on a national and a European level. Europe has taken a leading role in the promotion and implementation of CSR. This book showcases how, through CSR, enterprises can significantly contribute to achieving the European Union's treaty objectives of sustainable development and a highly competitive social market economy.

This book, written by noted Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) practitioner Michael Hopkins, is the first to explicitly link CSR with development. It spells out what corporations are doing on development, what more they could do and how CSR can be a useful tool to promote economic development via corporations. This is important and challenging reading for all of those in government, business and NGOs who think that there must be a better, more effective and dynamic way to kick-start development and eradicate poverty.

This book addresses the status quo of Corporate Social Responsibility practices and their development since 2008. How have things changed in the practice of CSR? What new opportunities and challenges have arisen? The book reports on an international set of cases and case studies on how CSR is practiced at business and organizations in various countries. It analyzes country-specific and industry-specific issues, as well as general global issues in connection with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals. The contributions gathered here provide comprehensive information on CSR for both practitioners and researchers around the globe.

In today's global business environment it is no longer acceptable that a corporation does well simply by doing good. It is expected. With increasing pressures from stakeholders to improve the bottom line as well as to be good corporate citizens, business leaders face tough decisions. What social issues should we support? What initiatives should we develop that will do the most good for the company as well as the cause? Do we include social messages in our advertising, encourage our employees to volunteer, do we modify our business practices? How do we integrate a new initiative into current strategies? These and other challenges will continue to face future leaders. This book provides thoughtful answers to these important questions, and to many more. The book offers suggestions on how to choose among major worthy causes and also how to measure the amount of good achieved both for the recipients and the companies themselves. Of course, all is not only about challenges, there are loads of opportunities that go along with them but it's only responsible and sustainable leaders who would be able to spot these opportunities. That is the future which awaits 21st century leaders.

Corporate Social Responsibility, Human Rights and the Law examines the responsibilities of business enterprises for human rights from a legal perspective. It analyses the legal status of the 'corporate responsibility to respect human rights' as articulated by the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs). This concept currently reflects an international consensus and is promoted by the UN. The book contemplates the various founding perspectives of the UNGPs, and how the integration of notions such as 'principled pragmatism' and 'polycentric governance' within its framework provides insights into the future course of law and policy, compliance, and corporate respect for human rights. The book thus takes a global focus, examining the interaction of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), human rights, and the law in a broader global governance context. Setting out a possible future scenario for the legalization of the corporate responsibility to respect human rights that is informed by the UNGPs' founding perspectives and reflects current realities in the human rights landscape, this book will be of great interest to scholars of business ethics, international human rights law, and CSR more broadly.

Modern businesses and organizations understand that corporate social responsibility (CSR) has become an important factor for sustainable success. At the same time CSR has established itself as a widely accepted element of courses in managerial training and education. This book, designed to support CSR teaching, collects 14 essays that clearly illustrate and explain the benefits and challenges of socially responsible corporate policies. Aligning theory and practice, the book focuses on four central themes: management, environment and sustainability, corporate social responsibility, and accounting and financial reporting. Business students and experienced managers alike will find this book a valuable resource that helps them to discover the strong forces that link successful management with corporate social responsibility.

This book considers the legal control of multinational corporations (MNCs) for violations of human rights from a developing country's perspective, examining the role for corporate social responsibility (CSR) in regulating the conduct of MNCs. The book uses the case study of Nigeria which is host to major MNCs from the EU and the US, to show that the CSR concept is currently insufficient to deal with externalities emanating from MNCs' operations including human rights violations. The book goes on to argue that whilst control of MNCs involves regulation at the international level, more emphasis needs to be placed on possibilities at home States and host States where there are stronger bases for the control of corporations. It examines possibilities in the European Union, exploring ways in which the EU can ensure that MNCs from its territory do not violate human rights when operating abroad.

This upper-level textbook offers an original and up-to-date introduction to issues in corporate social responsibility (CSR) from a global perspective. Written by an international team of experts, it guides students through key themes in CSR including strategy, communication, regulation and governance. Balancing critiques of CSR with a discussion of the opportunities it creates, it includes chapters devoted to critical issues such as human rights, anti-corruption, labour rights and the environment. Pedagogical features include customised case studies, study questions, key term highlighting, practitioner pieces and suggestions for further resources. The book is also complemented by a companion website featuring adaptable lecture slides, teaching notes for cases and links to related resources. Tailored for upper-level undergraduate and postgraduate courses on corporate social responsibility, sustainability and business ethics, it is also relevant to non-business courses in political science, international relations and communications.

"This textbook provides an innovative, internationally oriented approach to the teaching of corporate social responsibility (CSR) and business ethics. Drawing on case studies involving companies and countries around the world, the textbook explores the social, ethical, and business dynamics underlying CSR in such areas as global warming, genetically modified organisms (GMO) in food production, free trade and fair trade, anti-sweatshop and living-wage movements, organic foods and textiles, ethical marketing practices and codes, corporate speech and lobbying, and social enterprise. The book is designed to encourage students and instructors to challenge their own assumptions and prejudices by stimulating a class debate based on each case study"--Provided by publisher.

This book offers readers a comprehensive and in-depth legal analysis of corporate social responsibility (CSR) by examining the theoretical foundations of corporate governance and its legal mechanism in the United States and South Korea. Moreover, it proposes legislative blueprint for establishing the legal frameworks that might serve to legitimize and effectively implement CSR in general. Reflecting the zeitgeist of improved corporate accountability and transparency, the ongoing movement to enhance CSR has permeated entire sectors of society the world over. Despite the apparent ubiquity of CSR, the corporate laws of many countries remain relatively silent on the issue, omitting to include any explicit provision governing the concept. Partly in response to this lack of legislation, Korean corporate scholars, for example, have attempted to introduce American legal theories, systems and laws on CSR into Korea. Yet traditional Korean jurisprudence provides no defining foundation for CSR; indeed, the prevailing view in jurisprudence and scholarship passively resists instituting

corporate responsibility into the law. In response to this jurisprudential and academic shortcoming, and as an example for other countries, this book provides a comprehensive guide to the relevant legislation and theory on CSR in Korean corporate law by employing a comparative study of the relevant American theories and laws. Proceeding from this analysis, the book then puts forward a legislative blueprint for establishing a foundation to legitimize and effectively implement CSR.

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